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USNWC ltr, 30 Aug 1974

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DDP FORM 12-11-62



Q4234

SPECIFICATION

1 of 1

1. COMPONENT/PART NAME PER GENERIC CODE Propulsion Parts & Materials, Solid Fuel Engines, Propellants	2. PROGRAM OR WEAPON SYSTEM Multiple	3. DATE OF: DAY MO. YR. ISSUE 12 10 67 REVISION
4. ORIGINATOR'S SPECIFICATION TITLE Purchase Description - Acetyl Triethyl Citrate	5. ORIGINATOR'S SPEC. NO. WS 7654	6. SPECIFICATION IS: <input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input type="checkbox"/> PRELIMINARY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FINAL

7. THIS SPECIFICATION COMPLEMENTS REPORT NO.

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| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (A) GENERAL PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS FOR A FAMILY OF PARTS - PROCUREMENT DOCUMENT | <input type="checkbox"/> (E) SPEC. FOR PERFORMANCE, RELIABILITY, AND/OR ENVIRONMENT FOR ASSEMBLIES, EQUIPMENTS, SUBSYSTEMS AND SYSTEMS |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (B) INDIVIDUAL DETAIL PARTS DOCUMENT; STDS BOOK PAGES - FOR PROCUREMENT | <input type="checkbox"/> (F) PERFORMANCE AND APPLICATION DATA FOR DESIGN ENG. USE ON PARTS - NOT FOR PROCUREMENT |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (C) DETAIL INSPECTION, PROCESS CONTROL, AND/OR TEST PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC PARTS | <input type="checkbox"/> (G) OTHER (DETAIL IN 10.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> (D) PROCESS (PAINTING, WELDING, FINISHING, HEAT TREATING ETC.) APPLICABLE TO MANY PARTS | |

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1962 Book of ASTM Std. Part 20

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11. SIGNED <i>R. S. Harper</i>	12. CONTRACTOR NWC/CL	SUBCONTRACTOR
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Code Ident
30003

WS 7654

NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

PURCHASE DESCRIPTION

ACETYL TRIETHYL CITRATE

1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This purchase description covers one type of acetyl triethyl citrate.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS.

2.1 The following document of the issue in effect on date of invitation for bids or request for proposal forms a part of this document to the extent specified herein.

STANDARDS

Military

MIL-STD-129

Marking for Shipment and Storage.

(Copies of specifications, standards, drawings, and publications required by suppliers in connection with specific procurement functions should be obtained from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting officer.)

FSC 6810

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2.2 Other publications. The following document forms a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise indicated, the issue in effect on date of invitation for bids or request for proposal shall apply.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

1962 Book of ASTM
Standards; Part 20

Test-Method ASTM D1209-62,
"Color of Clear Liquids
(Platinum-Cobalt Scale)"

(ASTM Publications are published by the American Society for Testing and Materials, Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania.)

3. REQUIREMENTS.

3.1 Preproduction sample. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), a preproduction sample shall meet all requirements of this document. The preproduction sample shall be prepared using the same methods and procedures proposed for production. Any production prior to acceptance of the preproduction sample shall be at the risk of the supplier.

3.2 Data. No data is required by this document or by referenced documents in section 2 unless specified in the contract or purchase order.

3.3 Compliance to documents. Acetyl triethyl citrate shall conform to the requirements herein and to the applicable requirements of documents listed in section 2.

3.4 Product characteristics and performance. When tested in accordance with 4.7 of this document, acetyl triethyl citrate shall meet the following product characteristics and performance.

3.4.1 Chemical and physical properties. Chemical and physical properties of the acetyl triethyl citrate shall be specified in Table I.

Table I. Chemical and Physical Properties

Characteristic	Minimum	Maximum
Assay (total ester), %	99.0	---
Moisture, %	---	0.3
Color, APHA number	---	50
Acidity (as citric acid), %	---	0.02

3.5 Workmanship. The acetyl triethyl citrate shall be uniform in quality, free from foreign materials, and shall be manufactured under conditions and procedures standard in the industry.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS.

4.1 Responsibility for inspection. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the supplier is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements as specified herein. Except as otherwise specified, the supplier may utilize his own facilities or any commercial laboratory acceptable to the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in this document where such inspections are deemed necessary to assure that supplies and services conform to prescribed requirements.

4.2 Lot. A lot shall consist of material produced at one plant with no change in formulation or process. If manufacture is by batch process, each batch shall constitute a lot. A batch shall be as defined in 6.3.

4.3 Acceptance sampling. The number of containers to be chosen at random for acceptance sampling shall be equal to the square root of the total number of containers in the lot. If the number thus obtained is not a whole number, the number of containers to be sampled shall be increased to the next higher whole number. In no case, however, shall the number of containers to be sampled be less than seven (unless there are less than seven containers in the lot, in which case, each container shall be sampled).

4.3.1 Primary sample. From each selected container, a sample shall be taken from three or more places throughout the container. The total weight of the samples taken from each container shall weigh at least 50 grams (gm). Each sample thus taken shall be mixed thoroughly, placed in a clean dry container, and labeled to identify the material name, original container designation, contract number, and lot number.

4.3.2 Composite sample. Each primary sample shall be subdivided to prepare a composite sample (not in excess of 400 gm). Primary material not used shall be returned to the primary sample container. After mixing the composite sample thoroughly, the composite sample shall be placed in a clean, dry container and sealed. The composite sample shall be identified with the material name, container designation, contract number, and lot number. All specified chemical tests shall be made on this composite sample representing the lot. Failure of the composite sample to pass all of the tests herein shall result in rejection of the lot represented.

4.4 Classification of tests. Inspection and testing of acetyl triethyl citrate shall be classified as follows:

- (a) Preproduction tests.
- (b) Quality conformance tests.

4.5 Preproduction tests. Preproduction test shall be conducted only on the preproduction sample and shall consist of all examinations and tests specified in 4.6.

4.6 Quality conformance tests. Quality conformance tests for acceptance of the acetyl triethyl citrate shall consist of the following tests:

<u>Characteristics</u>	<u>Test</u>
Assay (total ester)	4.7.1
Moisture	4.7.2
Color	4.7.3
Acidity (as citric acid)	4.7.4

4.7 Tests. The following procedures shall be used to determine that the requirements of this document have been met. Any proposed change in test procedures or equipment shall necessitate, before adoption, prior approval of the procuring activity. In case of dispute between the results from any proposed method or equipment and what is cited herein, the results using the methods and the equipment specified in this document shall prevail. Unless otherwise specified, all tests shall be run in duplicate. The average of the two results shall be taken as the test result.

4.7.1 Assay as total ester.

4.7.1.1 Reagents.

- (1) Isopropyl alcohol - Chemically pure (CP)
- (2) Sodium hydroxide - 0.5 normal (N)
- (3) Standardized sulfuric acid - 0.5 N
- (4) Phenolphthalein indicator - USP XVI test solution

4.7.1.2 Procedure. Accurately weigh 1.5 gm of sample into a 500-milliliter (ml) flask with a 24/40 standard taper ground-glass neck. Add 25 ml of isopropyl alcohol and 25 ml of water. Pipette exactly 50 ml of 0.5N sodium hydroxide into the reaction mixture. Add boiling chips and attach to a water-cooled condenser with 24/40 standard taper joint. Reflux for 1-1/2 hours. Cool and wash down condenser with distilled water. Add five drops of phenolphthalein indicator and titrate with 0.5N sulfuric acid to a colorless endpoint. A blank using identical quantities of reagents is run simultaneously with the sample.

$$\text{Percent assay (total ester)} = \frac{(A-B) N \times 0.0796 \times 100}{C}$$

Where: A = Volume of sulfuric acid needed to titrate blank, ml
B = Volume of sulfuric acid needed to titrate sample, ml
N = Normality of sulfuric acid
C = Weight of sample, gm

4.7.1.3 Acceptance criteria. For the lot represented to pass the assay as total ester test, the value obtained for the percent assay as total ester shall be not less than the value specified in 3.4.1.

4.7.2 Moisture determination.

4.7.2.1 Apparatus. The apparatus used for determination of moisture content of the sample shall be Aquameter, Model KF-2 or KF-3, Beckman Instruments, Inc., Fullerton, California, or approved equivalent. The Aquameter shall be prepared for operation as described in the technical manual furnished by the manufacturer (Beckman Instruments, Inc.). Use of an alternate equivalent item of equipment approved by the procuring activity will necessitate use of the specific technical manual prepared by the manufacturer.

4.7.2.2 Reagents.

- (a) Karl Fischer reagent. Karl Fischer reagent must have a strength such that each milliliter of Karl Fischer reagent corresponds to 0.0014-0.0023 gm of water. Dilute 750 ml of commercially available stabilized Karl Fischer reagent (with water equivalent of 0.005-0.007 gm/ml) to 2000 ml with absolute methanol (0.1 percent water, maximum). Mix well and allow to stand overnight before use. Determine the water equivalent (A) of this solution as follows:

1. Use sodium tartrate dihydrate ($\text{Na}_2\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_6 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$) as a primary standard (with a water content of 15.66 percent) for standardizing Karl Fischer reagent. If the water content value is in question, it may be determined by heating some of the salt at 150 degrees centigrade ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) (302 degrees Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)) for 3 hours. Should the value (as determined) differ from the theoretical value of 15.66, then the experimental value shall be used in the determination of water equivalent (A) of the Karl Fischer reagent; i.e., instead of the 15.66 in the formula below the factor should be 10P where P is percentage moisture

(as determined). Rapidly transfer 0.090-0.110 gm (weighed to the nearest 0.0001 gm) of reagent-grade $\text{Na}_2\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_6 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ to the titration vessel.

2. Titrate to an end point in the same manner as with the sample. (See 4.7.2.3.)
3. Repeat the standardization procedure until three successive results agree within five parts per thousand.
4. If the indicated water equivalent (A) of the Karl Fischer reagent is less than 0.0014 gm of water per ml of Karl Fischer reagent, it may be due to the presence of too much water in the absolute methanol used. In this case, distill the methanol from metallic calcium or calcium hydride. Passing the methanol through a column of Molecular Sieves, Type 4A, may also reduce the water content of the methanol sufficiently. (Molecular Sieves are a product of the Linde Company, a division of Union Carbide Corporation, New York City, New York.)

$$\text{Water equivalent (A)} = \frac{0.1566 W}{V}$$

Where: A = Water equivalent of the Karl Fischer reagent, gm/ml
W = Weight of $\text{Na}_2\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_6 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ taken, gm
V = Volume of Karl Fischer reagent used, ml

- (b) Water-in-methanol solution. The water-methanol solution should contain 0.0015-0.0020 gm of water per ml of solution. A good grade of commercial absolute methanol contains about 0.0010 gm of water per ml of methanol. Water content can be adjusted by adding 1.0 gm of water to 1000 ml of the water-methanol solution to produce a change of 0.0010 gm per ml. Determine the relative strength of the water-methanol solution in terms of Karl Fischer reagent as follows:

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1. Put about 50 ml of the anhydrous methanol used in 4.7.2.2 (a) into the titration beaker of the Aquameter. Add a slight excess of Karl Fischer reagent (4.7.2.2 (a)), then back-titrate with water-methanol solution (4.7.2.2 (b)). Then run in an additional 5 to 8 ml of Karl Fischer reagent, read to the nearest 0.01 ml, and again back-titrate with water-methanol solution (read to the nearest 0.01 ml). Repeat the addition and back-titrating steps twice more to provide triplicate determinations of the equivalency ratio. Calculate the ratio (B) of Karl Fischer reagent to that of the water-methanol solution. The range of the ratios calculated from the three titrations should not be greater than 0.04. If the range exceeds 0.04, continue making titrations until three ratios are obtained whose range does not exceed 0.04. Then determine the average ratio from all the ratios which have been obtained.

4.7.2.3 Procedure. Determine the moisture content of the sample by the Karl Fischer method using a back-titration technique. Introduce to the titration beaker, through the opening in the diaphragm, approximately 10 gm of sample weighed to the nearest 0.0001 gm. Close the opening, start the stirrer, and add an excess of Karl Fischer reagent (4.7.2.2 (a)). Press the "titrate" button to back-titrate with the water-methanol solution (4.7.2.2 (b)). When the indicator light glows (titration end point), read both the Karl Fischer reagent and the water-methanol burets to the nearest 0.01 ml.

$$\text{Percent moisture} = \frac{100A(V_{KF} - BV_{WM})}{W}$$

Where: A = Weight of water equivalent to 1.00 ml of Karl Fischer reagent, gm/ml

V_{KF} = Volume of Karl Fischer reagent titrant used, ml

V_{WM} = Volume of water-methanol solution titrant used, ml

- B = Ratio of Karl Fischer reagent to that of water-methanol solution, ml/ml
- W = Weight of sample taken, gm

4.7.2.4 Acceptance criteria. For the lot represented to pass the moisture test, the value obtained for the percent moisture shall be no greater than the value specified in 3.4.1.

4.7.3 Determination of color. Perform test in accordance with the procedure given in Test Method D1209-62, "Color of Clear Liquids (Platinum-Cobalt Scale)." (Part 20 of ASTM, page 542.) Also (Part 21 of ASTM, page 222).

4.7.3.1 Reagents and equipment.

- (1) Cobalt chloride - Analytical reagent grade
- (2) Potassium chloroplatinate - Chemically pure grade
- (3) Hydrochloric acid - Concentrated - Analytical reagent grade
- (4) Nessler tubes - APHA standard, high form, 50-ml capacity

4.7.3.2 Preparation of standards. Dissolve exactly 1.245 gm of potassium chloroplatinate and 1 gm of cobalt chloride in a mixture of 500 ml of water and 100 ml of hydrochloric acid. Transfer to a liter volumetric flask, dilute to volume with water and mix well. This solution has a color of 500 units. Transfer the aliquots of this stock solution, listed below, to 50-ml Nessler tubes and dilute to volume with water. The resulting standards have the corresponding color values in APHA units.

aliquot (ml)	standard (APHA units)
0.50	5
1.00	10
2.00	20
3.00	30
4.00	40
5.00	50
7.50	75

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aliquot (ml)	standard (APHA units)
10.00	100
15.00	150
20.00	200
30.00	300
40.00	400
50.00	500

4.7.3.3 Procedure. Transfer exactly 50 ml of the solution to be tested into a 50-ml Nessler tube. Compare the color of this solution to the color standards. If the color matches that of one of the standards, record the color value of that standard. If the color lies between two standards, record the color values of these standards. Additional standards may be prepared when a more accurate color estimation is desired.

4.7.3.4 Acceptance criteria. For the lot represented to pass the color test, the value obtained for the APHA color standard shall be no greater than the value specified in 3.4.1.

4.7.4 Acidity (as citric acid). The percentage of acidity (as citric acid) specified in 3.4.1 shall be determined in accordance with 4.7.4.2.

4.7.4.1 Reagents.

- (1) Isopropyl alcohol - Neutralized
- (2) Standardized sodium hydroxide - 0.1N
- (3) Bromothymol blue indicator - 0.4 percent aqueous solution

4.7.4.2 Procedure. Dissolve 30 to 50 gm of the sample in 30 ml of neutralized isopropyl alcohol. Add five drops of bromothymol blue indicator and titrate to neutrality with 0.1N sodium hydroxide.

Percent free acidity (as citric acid) =

$$\frac{A \times N \times 0.064 \times 100}{B}$$

Where: A = Volume of sodium hydroxide used in titration,
ml

0.064 = Milli-equivalent for citric acid

B = Weight of sample, gm

N = Normality of sodium hydroxide

4.7.4.3 Acceptance criteria. For the lot represented to pass the free acidity test, the value obtained for the percent free acidity shall be no greater than the value specified in 3.4.1.

4.8 Packing and marking. Determine that all packing and marking conforms to section 5 of this document.

5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY.

5.1 Preservation and packaging. Not applicable (unless specified in the contract or purchase order).

5.2 Packing.

5.2.1 Level A. Not applicable.

5.2.2 Level B. Not applicable.

5.2.3 Level C. The material shall be packed as directed in the contract to afford protection against damage during direct shipment from the supply source to the first receiving activity for immediate use. Containers shall comply with common carrier regulations applicable to the mode of transportation to be used. (See 6.2.)

5.3 Marking. In addition to the markings required by contract or order, unit packages and shipping containers shall be marked in accordance with the requirements of MIL-STD-129.

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6. NOTES.

6.1 Intended use. Acetyl triethyl citrate described in this document is intended for use as an ingredient in ammonium-nitrate-based solid propellants and plasticized cellulose acetate restrictor material.

6.2 Ordering data. Procurement documents should specify the following:

- (a) Title, number, and date of this document.
- (b) Whether a preproduction sample is required (see 3.1).
- (c) Type and size of shipping container (see 5.2.3).

6.3 Definitions.

6.3.1 Batch. A batch is defined as that quantity of material which has been subjected to one or more chemical or physical processes (or combinations thereof) intended to produce a desired product having substantially uniform characteristics. The final step in the processing must have treated the entire contents of the batch at one time.

6.4 Safety and health warning. When the use of any chemical is specified herein, suitable safety and health precautions should be observed.

6.5 Acceptable product. An acceptable product under this document is Citroflex A-2, manufactured by the Charles Pfizer Company, Chicago, Illinois.

Custodian:
NASC 52021E

Preparing Activity:
NWC/China Lake, California